

Ethiopia

Human Capital Index 2020

This brief provides an update to the Human Capital Index (HCI). First launched in 2018, the HCI measures the amount of human capital that a child born today can expect to attain by age 18. It conveys the productivity of the next generation of workers compared to a benchmark of complete education and full health. Worldwide a child born in 2020 can expect, on average, to be 56 percent as productive as she could be when she grows up. All data represent the status of countries pre-COVID-19.

THE HUMAN CAPITAL INDEX

Human Capital Index. A child born in Ethiopia today will be **38 percent** as productive when she grows up as she could be if she enjoyed complete education and full health. This is lower than the average for Sub-Saharan Africa region but slightly higher than the average for Low income countries.

- **Probability of Survival to Age 5.** 94 out of 100 children born in Ethiopia survive to age 5.
- **Expected Years of School.** In Ethiopia, a child who starts school at age 4 can expect to complete **7.8 years** of school by her 18th birthday.
- **Harmonized Test Scores.** Students in Ethiopia score **348** on a scale where 625 represents advanced attainment and 300 represents minimum attainment.
- **Learning-adjusted Years of School.** Factoring in what children actually learn, expected years of school is only **4.3 years**.
- **Adult Survival Rate.** Across Ethiopia, **79 percent** of 15-year olds will survive until age 60. This statistic is a proxy for the range of health risks that a child born today would experience as an adult under current conditions.
- **Healthy Growth (Not Stunted Rate).** 63 out of 100 children are **not** stunted. 37 out of 100 children are stunted, and so are at risk of cognitive and physical limitations that can last a lifetime.

DIFFERENCES IN HCI ACROSS GENDER AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC GROUPS

In Ethiopia, the HCI for girls is similar to the HCI for boys. Table 1 shows gender disaggregation for each of the HCI components.

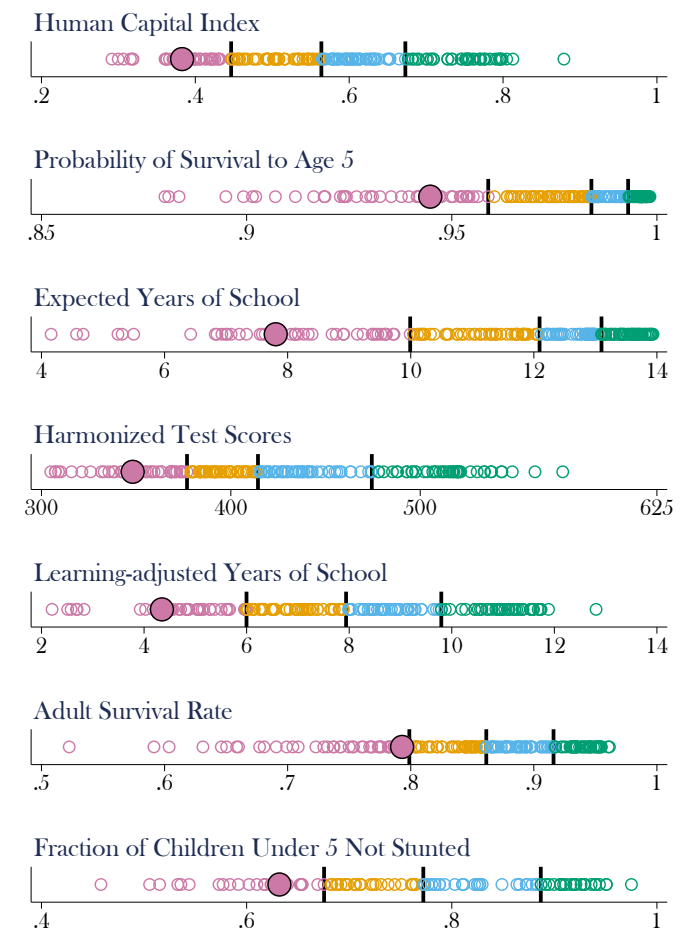
The ratio in HCI between the richest and poorest 20 percent of the population in Ethiopia is **1.34** (global average: 1.35; global range: 1.12-1.68).

Table 1. HCI by Gender and Socio-economic Group

Component	Boys	Girls	Overall
HCI	0.38	0.38	0.38
Survival to Age 5	0.94	0.95	0.94
Expected Years of School	8.1	7.5	7.8
Harmonized Test Scores	352	344	348
Learning-adjusted Years of School	4.6	4.1	4.3
Adult Survival Rate	0.77	0.82	0.79
Not Stunted Rate	0.60	0.66	0.63
HCI Ratio (richest / poorest 20 percent)			1.34

For more on socioeconomic disaggregated HCI, please visit <https://www.worldbank.org/en/publication/human-capital/brief/insights-from-disaggregating-the-human-capital-index>

Figure 1. HCI and Components



Note:

- Large circle represents Ethiopia
- Small circles represent other countries
- Lines and color of circles indicate quartiles of the distribution